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Venice, Sept. 11. *N. S.*

ON the Ninth Inſtant, two large Britiſh Galleys, call'd the Brice and Driad, arriv'd here laden with Sugar, and other rich Commodities from Lisbon: The Maſters of theſe Galleys report, that they left Sir John Jennings with the Confederate Fleet under his Command at Port Mahon, in a readineſs to Sail for Barcelona. They write from Rome, that Signior Erba, Vice-Legat of Bologna, will be appointed Nuncio in Poland. He is a Milaneſe by Birth, and of the Family of the late Pope Innocent XI. of which he and Don Livio Odeſcalchi, are the only Perſons remaining. And as ſome one of that Family has a juſt Pretenſion to a Cardinals Hat, it is believ'd, that this Employment is conferr'd upon him, in order to promote him to that Dignity. Signior Spinola, the preſent Nuncio in Poland, will be made Auditor della Camera, which will likewiſe give him a Title to the Hat; and Signior Bentivoglio, a Ferrareſe, is to be ſent Nuncio into France; but it is thought none of theſe Nominations will take Effect, till after the Election of an Emperor, at which time there will alſo be a Promotion of Cardinals. A Courier arriv'd at Rome on the Twenty-ſecond paſt, with Diſpatches from Francfort, and was ſoon after ſent back with Inſtructions to Signior Albani, relating to the Ceremonial.

Berlin, Sept. 19. *N. S.* On Wedneſday the Ninth Inſtant, the King of Pruſſia went to Oranienburg, where he continu'd 'till the Twelfth; at which time his Majeſty return'd to Charlottemburg. Monſieur Hoffman, one of the King's Phyſicians, has preſented a Memorial to his Majeſty, wherein he accuſeth Monſieur Guldenſheim, the chief Phyſician, of having preſcrib'd ſeveral things to the late young Prince of Pruſſia which haſten'd his Death: Whereupon Monſieur Guldenſheim hath required to have this Affair taken into Conſideration, and that Monſieur Hoffman may be oblig'd to a ſuitable Compenſation, in caſe he ſhall not be able to make good the Accuſation brought againſt him. His Majeſty has not hitherto taken any particular Notice of this matter; only, he appears ſomewhat diſpleas'd at Monſieur Hoffman's Conduct. A Book has been lately publiſh'd by a Gentleman of Sileſia, ſetting forth the Pretenſions the Reform'd in that Country have, to be admitted, and included with the Lutherans in the Treaty of Alt Ranſtadt; and giving an Account of what has been done in their favour by the Queen of Great Britain, and other Proteſtant States. At the Requeſt of the Author, ſeveral Copies of this Book have been ſent to his Pruſſian Majeſty's Miniſters at Frankfort; where, though the Concerns of the Proteſtants are not thought to be of ſo much Importance as to deſerve a ſeparate Article in the Imperial Capitulation, yet Count Dhona is order'd to ſollicit the Auſtrian Miniſters in their behalf before the Election, and to deſire the Miniſters of the other Proteſtant Electors to do the ſame. This Day the King went from Charlottemburg to Landsberg; from whence his Majeſty intends to remove on Monday next to Goltz, near Cuſtrin. The Deſign of this Progreſs is ſaid to be the Shooting of the Stag, the uſual Diverſion of this Seaſon in that Country: But as the late Rains have laid the greateſt part of the Ground thereabouts under Water, it is thought his Majeſty propoſeth, before his Return, to have an Interview with the Czar of Muſcovy, who is lately arriv'd in thoſe Parts, and his Allies the Kings of Denmark and Poland. The two laſt of theſe Princes join'd the Seventh Inſtant with their Armies, which encamp'd about half a Mile from Stralſund; but, we do not yet hear of any Progreſs they have made ſince.

Hamburgh, Sept. 22. *N. S.* They write of the Sixteenth Inſtant from the Camp before Stralſund, that the Saxon and Daniſh Miniſters are frequently in Conference, and that the King of Denmark has at length been prevail'd upon by his Poliſh Majeſty, to conſent to the Siege of that Place, which is now reſolv'd, and it is believ'd, that in a Day or two, the Forces will block it up more cloſely; but as it will be impoſſible to inveſt it, whilſt it preſerves a Communication with the Iſle of Rugen, the King of Denmark has given Orders to Count Guldenliew, to detach ten Frigats from the Fleet under his Command, in order to cut off that Communication: And a Commiſſary is arriv'd at Roſtock with Directions from his Daniſh Majeſty, to ſeize all the Veſſels in that Port, and ſend 'em towards Rugen, to be employ'd in the Reduction of that Place. The King of Denmark goes often out in Perſon, to view the Situation of the Town, notwithſtanding the great Fire from the Enemy. On the Thirteenth the Artillery of the whole Army was diſcharg'd, on Account of the Peace concluded between the Czar of Muſcovy and the Turks; and the King of Poland was entertain'd at Dinner by his Daniſh Majeſty on that Occaſion. They write from Lemberg, that a Courier paſs'd through that Place on the Thirty-firſt of the laſt Month, being ſent Expreſs from Conſtantinople, with the Ratification of the Treaty. Theſe Letters add, that the Muſcovite Infantry is ſaid to be in a very good Condition, notwithſtanding the many Hardſhips they have undergone, but that the Horſe have ſuffer'd extreamly. Our Letters from Copenhagen make no mention of the Numbers that dy'd there ſome Weeks paſt, but ſay in general, that the Mortality continues daily to abate. The Elector of Hanover has granted to the Jews of Altena, Permiſſion to paſs through his Provinces, to the Fair of Leipſick, provided they engage not to carry with them any Commodities tranſported from Copenhagen, or any part of Zeland, within theſe ſix Months paſt, declaring at the ſame time, that he will cauſe all thoſe to be Hang'd, that ſhall be found acting contrary to this Regulation.

Hanover, Sept. 22. *N. S.* The Inhabitants of the Biſhoprick of Hildeſheim having complain'd, that the Chapter of that Dioceſe have refus'd to confirm to 'em their ancient Right of Brewing ſuch Beer as ſhall be ſold in that Country; the Elector of Hanover's Troops that were left in the City of Hildeſheim, in order to ſee the late Treaty duly

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